

Fund managers: Mark Dunley-Owen, Londa Nxumalo Fund inception date: 27 March 2013
Registration number: 47091

# Fund description and summary of investment policy

The Fund invests in a focused portfolio of African securities that are selected for their expected risk and return profile. The Fund may invest a substantial portion of the assets in a single country or region rather than a diversified portfolio of assets.

# Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund seeks to achieve the maximum US dollar total return while minimising the risk of loss within the context of an African bond fund. The benchmark is the FTSE 3 Month US T Bill + 4% Index

# How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

We assess an asset's intrinsic value based on long-term fundamentals and invest where our assessment of intrinsic value exceeds the price by a margin of safety. This approach allows us to identify assets that may be out of favour with the market because of poor near-term prospects, but offer good value over the long term.

#### Suitable for those investors who

- Seek exposure to African interest-bearing assets
- Are comfortable with market and currency fluctuations
- Are prepared to take on the risk of capital loss
- Typically have an investment horizon of more than five years

#### Capacity

The Fund currently has no capacity constraints. Allan Gray Bermuda Limited (the 'Investment Manager') may, at its discretion, refuse a subscription or phase a subscription into the Fund over a number of dealing days. Redemptions may be limited to US\$5m or 2.5% of the Fund (whichever is less) per dealing day.

# Fair value pricing

The board of directors of the Fund ('the board') may fair value the Fund's assets in accordance with the board's fair value pricing policies if:

- The closing market quotations or official closing prices are not readily available or do not accurately reflect the fair value of a Fund asset; or
- The value of a Fund asset has been materially affected by events occurring before the Fund's pricing time but after the close of the exchange or market on which the asset is principally traded.

The board delegates the responsibility for fair value pricing decisions to a Valuation Committee of the Investment Manager.

#### Fund information on 31 October 2021

Fund currency	US\$
Fund size	US\$424m
Number of shares	2 538 402
Price (net asset value per share)	US\$161.75
Number of issuers	18
Dealing day	Weekly (Thursday)
Class	С
Class inception date	14 May 2020

#### Minimum investment amounts

Minimum initial investment	US\$100 000
Minimum subsequent investment	US\$1 000

- Prior to the inception of this class of the Fund, the performance and risk measures are calculated using the A class performance of the Fund. The net of fee return is calculated as the gross of fee return reduced by an investment management fee of 0.7% per annum, which is accrued monthly in arrears.
- The current benchmark is the FTSE 3 Month US T Bill + 4% Index. From inception to 31 December 2020 the benchmark was the J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index. Performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 October 2021. Calculation based on the latest available data as supplied by third parties.
- Maximum percentage decline over any period calculated from monthly returns. The maximum drawdown occurred from January 2020 to March 2020 and maximum benchmark drawdown occurred from April 2013 to December 2015. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund/benchmark (i.e. including income).
- 4. The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.
- 5. The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return.
  This is a measure of how much an investment's return varies from its average over time.
- 6. This is the highest or lowest rolling 12-month return the Fund has experienced since inception. The Fund's highest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 28 February 2017 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 March 2021. The Fund's lowest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 30 September 2015 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 August 2015. All rolling 12-month figures for the Fund and the benchmark are available from the Allan Gray Service Team on request.

# Performance in US\$ net of all fees and expenses

Value of US\$10 invested at inception with all distributions reinvested



% Returns	Fund <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark <sup>2</sup>
Cumulative:		
Since inception (27 March 2013)	82.9	4.7
Annualised:		
Since inception (27 March 2013)	7.3	0.5
Latest 5 years	10.0	4.3
Latest 3 years	8.0	7.8
Latest 2 years	5.6	4.2
Latest 1 year	12.0	12.8
Year-to-date (not annualised)	4.7	3.3
Risk measures (since inception. based on month-end prices)		
Maximum drawdown <sup>3</sup>	-17.0	-29.3
Percentage positive months <sup>4</sup>	67.3	60.6
Annualised monthly volatility <sup>5</sup>	9.2	11.1
Highest annual return <sup>6</sup>	28.4	22.3
Lowest annual return <sup>6</sup>	-15.7	-21.5



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# Meeting the Fund objective

The Fund seeks to achieve the maximum US dollar return while minimising the risk of loss within the context of an African bond fund. The Fund experiences periods of underperformance in pursuit of this objective. Since inception the Fund has outperformed its benchmark and delivered positive absolute returns in US dollars.

# Subscription and redemption charge

Investors may be charged 0.5% when subscribing for Fund shares. Investors may be charged 0.5% when redeeming Fund shares in the case of significant redemptions. These charges are paid into the Fund to offset the costs associated with the transactions that are borne by the Fund. The Investment Manager may waive these charges if transactions substantially offset one another.

# Annual management fee

The management fee consists of a fixed fee of 0.70% p.a.

# Total expense ratio (TER) and Transaction costs7

The annual management fee charged is included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a one and three-year period (annualised). Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 4 for further information). Transaction costs are disclosed separately. The TER and Transaction costs cannot be determined accurately because of the short life span of the class. Calculations are based on actual data where possible and best estimates where actual data is not available.

TER and Transaction costs breakdown for the 1- and 3-year period ending 30 September 2021	1yr %	3yr %
Total expense ratio	0.84	0.87
Management fee	0.70	0.70
Custody fees	0.08	0.09
Other costs excluding transaction costs	0.06	0.08
Transaction costs	0.00	0.00
Total investment charge	0.84	0.87

<sup>7.</sup> Prior to the inception of this class of the Fund, the TER and Transaction costs data is that of the A Class of the Fund, reduced by 0.3% p.a.

# Fund positioning on 31 October 20218

	Local currency	Foreign currency	% of portfolio
Governments <sup>10</sup>	35.0	31.7	66.7
Ghana	7.3	5.2	12.5
Egypt	2.5	8.2	10.7
South Africa	6.0	2.7	8.7
Uganda	8.3	0.0	8.3
Senegal	0.0	6.5	6.5
Nigeria	5.9	0.0	5.9
Kenya	2.1	2.4	4.5
Ivory Coast	0.0	4.1	4.1
Namibia	1.7	1.2	2.9
Tunisia	0.0	1.2	1.2
Zambia	0.8	0.0	0.8
Botswana	0.5	0.0	0.5
Corporates <sup>10</sup>	0.0	18.6	18.6
Nigeria	0.0	11.5	11.5
Ghana	0.0	5.3	5.3
Togo	0.0	1.7	1.7
Cash <sup>9</sup>	6.7	8.0	14.7
Total (%) <sup>10</sup>	41.7	58.3	100.0

# Weighted average yield on 31 October 2021

	Weighted average yield (%)	% of portfolio
Local currency	13.1	35.0
Other <sup>11</sup>	8.5	4.5
US\$	5.6	45.8
Cash	0.0	14.7
Total	7.5	100.0

#### Asset allocation on 31 October 2021

Asset Class	Total
Net equity	0.0
Hedged equity	0.0
Property	0.0
Commodity-linked	0.0
Bonds	76.9
Money market, bank deposits and currency hedges	23.1
Total (%)10	100.0

- The total Nigerian exposure includes accruals for naira-settled currency forwards, valued at the Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Rate (NAFEX), that are shown under cash.
- Cash is held in multiple currencies and includes USD treasury bills.
- 10. There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.
- 11. Other represents all non-cash holdings not denominated in local African currency or US\$ (eg. EUR)

# **Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund**

C Class 31 October 2021



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Global fixed income markets were all about tapering in the third quarter. Tapering refers to a central bank reducing the pace at which it buys assets under a quantitative easing programme – in other words, the beginning of the end of massive money printing. Most major central banks appear to be moving in this direction. The US Federal Reserve and the Bank of England have indicated that they may start tapering their asset purchases soon. The European Central Bank announced the gradual slowdown of its pandemic-era bond-buying programme from early next year, following a strong rebound in growth and inflation as Eurozone economies reopened after lockdowns. Meanwhile, central banks in Canada, New Zealand and Australia have already started tapering.

The great upcoming tapering experiment will be closely watched by emerging market policymakers, as less money printing by developed countries will likely result in reduced portfolio flows into emerging markets. African countries have raised a lot of Eurobond debt over the past decade which will need to be refinanced – possibly at much higher rates. These countries already have demanding budgets due to their developmental needs and rising interest rates will raise the debt sustainability stakes even higher. With such little room for error, strong and stable political leadership becomes all the more important.

Politics has been in the spotlight for mostly the wrong reasons this year. So far in 2021, there have been three successful coup d'états (in Chad, Mali and Guinea), botched coups in Niger and Sudan, and what is being called a "constitutional coup" in Tunisia – this after the president dismissed the prime minister and suspended parliament in July. The resurgence of coups makes Africa in general seem unstable and less predictable, which is negative for investment and worsens economic fragilities. African countries were due to hold 13 presidential elections in 2021 and many more legislative and local elections. Some elections were cancelled or postponed due to COVID-19 or other political reasons. Around half of the presidential elections constitute a circumvention of term limits, while a third were at high risk of being rigged in favour of long-standing incumbents.

There have already been violent and contested elections in Uganda, Djibouti, Benin and Ethiopia – which has been experiencing internal conflict since late 2020.

Amid a discouraging trend of democratic backsliding, Zambia stands out as a beacon of hope. The August elections saw a large number of voters turn up to unseat the incumbent president Edgar Lungu in favour of opposition leader Hakainde Hichilema. This was Zambia's third peaceful transition of power since multiparty elections were introduced in 1991. The markets approved, evidenced by the strong rally in Zambian bonds and the kwacha. Over and above the seeming endorsement of democratic due process, the new administration is widely expected to bring fresh vigour to IMF programme talks and debt restructuring, while ringing in an era of improved fiscal transparency.

The Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund currently has 32% invested in foreign currency sovereign bonds and 37% in local currency debt, of which 5% is hedged. This more-or-less even split between foreign currency and local currency debt reflects our view on the better value proposition provided by local currency debt compared to foreign currency debt, balanced against local currency debt's relatively higher risk due to exchange rate movements and lower liquidity. Corporate exposure continues to make up a small part of the Fund, at 20%. The hunt for yield and paucity of corporate issuance have resulted in strong bidding interest at bond auctions, resulting in poor value. We would look to add more corporate bonds as opportunities arise.

During the quarter we switched out of Kenyan and South African Eurobonds into each country's local currency debt. We also sold some Tullow Eurobonds and Zambian local currency debt.

Commentary contributed by Londa Nxumalo

Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 30 September 2021

# **Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund**

C Class 31 October 2021



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#### Information and content

The Fund is incorporated and registered under the laws of Bermuda and is supervised by the Bermuda Monetary Authority. The Fund's share classes are also listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange. The primary custodian of the Fund is Standard Bank of South Africa Limited. The custodian can be contacted at Investor Services, 2nd Floor, 25 Pixley Ka Isaka Seme Street, Johannesburg, South Africa. The Investment Manager has appointed Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited (the "Representative") as its representative for the purpose of approval in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002. The Representative is incorporated under the laws of South Africa and is supervised by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority (FSCA). The Investment Manager of the Fund is Allan Gray Bermuda Limited.

The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time to be managed according to its mandate. Shares in the Fund are traded at ruling prices and the Fund can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. This report does not constitute a financial promotion, a recommendation, an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy shares in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are made according to the terms and conditions and subject to the restrictions set out in the prospectus. The offering of shares in the Fund may be restricted in certain jurisdictions. Please contact the Allan Gray service team to confirm if there are any restrictions applicable to you. Class C shares are only available to certain eligible investors who are subject to an additional administration fee separately agreed with an Allan Gray Group entity.

#### Performance

Collective investment schemes in securities (unit trusts or mutual funds) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Where annualised performance is mentioned, this refers to the average return per year over the period. The value of shares may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Movements in exchange rates may cause of the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. Neither the Investment Manager, the Fund, nor the Representative provides any guarantee regarding the capital or the performance of the Fund. Performance figures are provided by the Investment Manager and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Actual investor performance may differ as a result of the investment date, the date of reinvestment and applicable taxes.

#### J.P. Morgan Index

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#### FTSE Russell Index

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#### Share price

Share prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the Fund including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the Fund divided by the number of shares in issue. Forward pricing is used. The weekly price of the Fund is

normally calculated each Friday. Purchase requests must be received by the Registrar of the Fund by 17:00 South African time on that dealing day to receive that week's price. Redemption requests must be received by the Registrar of the Fund by 17:00 South African time, on the particular dealing day on which shares are to be redeemed to receive that week's price. Share prices are available on www.allangray.com.

#### Fees and charges

Permissible deductions from the Fund may include management fees, brokerage, securities transfer tax, auditor's fees, bank charges and custody fees. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Representative.

#### Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's actual expenses over the past one- and threeyear periods. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged) and other expenses like audit fees. Transaction costs (including brokerage, securities transfer tax and investor protection levies where applicable) are shown separately. There are no explicit brokerage charges in global bond markets. The broker rather takes an undisclosed spread between the purchase and sale price. The spread (charge) can vary from negligible to substantial depending on the asset and market circumstances. The disclosed transaction charge is therefore zero but in reality there are transaction costs which reflect in the Fund's returns. We aim to minimise costs by keeping our trading activity to a minimum and always seeking out the most favourable price when buying and selling assets. Transaction costs are necessary costs in administering the Fund and impact Fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Since Fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and transaction costs should not be deducted from published returns. As collective investment scheme expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. The TER and other funds' TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money. The sum of the TER and transaction costs is shown as the total investment charge (TIC).

#### Yield

The Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund yield is current, calculated as at month-end.

#### Foreign exposure

There are significant risks involved in investing in securities listed in the Fund's universe of emerging and developing countries including liquidity risks, sometimes aggravated by rapid and large outflows of "hot money" and capital flight, concentration risk, currency risks, political and social instability, the possibility of expropriation, confiscatory taxation or nationalisation of assets and the establishment of foreign exchange controls which may include the suspension of the ability to transfer currency from a given country.

The Fund can use derivatives to manage its exposure to currencies and/or interest rates and this exposes the Fund to contractual risk. Contractual risk includes the risk that a counterparty will not settle a transaction according to its terms and conditions because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of a credit or liquidity problem, causing the Fund to suffer a loss. Such contract counterparty risk is accentuated for contracts with longer maturities where events may intervene to prevent settlement, or where the Fund has concentrated its transactions with a single or small group of counterparties. Borrowing, leveraging, and trading securities on margin will result in interest charges and, depending on the amount of trading activity, such charges could be substantial. The low margin deposits normally required in futures and forward trading, which the Fund may utilise, permit a high degree of leverage. As a result, a relatively small price movement in a futures or forward contract may result in immediate and substantial losses to the investor.

# Important information for investors

#### Need more information?

You can obtain additional information about the Fund, including copies of the prospectus, application forms and the annual report, free of charge, by contacting the Allan Gray service team, at 0860 000 654 or +27 (0)21 415 2301 or by email at allangraybermuda@allangray.com